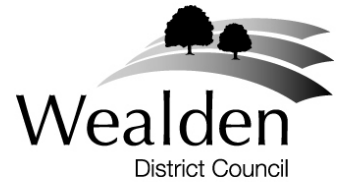


Town and Country Planning Act 1990

Notice of Decision
Application No. **WD/2022/2015/F**



Mr Martin Page
Sackville House
Sackville Lane
Hartfield
Tunbridge Wells
TN7 4AW

Council Offices
Vicarage Lane
Hailsham
East Sussex
BN27 2AX

DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION OF DEVELOPMENT

CHANGE OF USE OF AGRICULTURAL FIELD TO USE AS ARCHERY CLUB WITH TEMPORARY AMENITY BUILDING

BARNSGATE MANOR VINEYARDS, UCKFIELD ROAD, HERONS GHYLL, TN22 4DB

With reference to the proposals set out in the application numbered as above and shown on the plans submitted therewith, Wealden District Council, in pursuance of powers under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended), hereby **GRANTS PLANNING PERMISSION** for the said proposals, subject to the conditions stated below imposed for the reasons stated thereunder:-

1. The development to which this permission relates shall be begun not later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date on which this permission is granted.
STD4A

REASON: To meet the requirements of Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004

2. The external materials, including windows, used in the construction of the development hereby approved shall be as detailed within the permitted application particulars and shall be retained permanently as such. MA11

REASON: To safeguard the appearance of the building and the visual amenities of the locality and to comply with SPO2, SPO13 and WCS14 to the Wealden Core Strategy Local Plan 2013, Saved Policy EN27 of the adopted Wealden Local Plan 1998, coupled with the requirements of the NPPF (2021)

3. As there is some sub-optimal habitat present on the development site and there is a small risk of GCN to be using the site for commuting the following reasonable avoidance measures are given.

- All vegetation within the works area shall be maintained at a maximum height of 30mm until construction is completed through regular mowing or grazing in order to discourage great crested newts from using the site. All works shall be carried out in accordance with the following measures:
- Any trenches or excavations left overnight shall be covered or provided with ramps to prevent GCN from becoming trapped. Excavations shall be checked for the presence of animals before being filled.
- Any building materials will be stored on pallets or in jumbo bags/containers to discourage GCN from using them as shelter.
- Any demolition materials/waste will be stored in skips or similar containers rather than in piles on ground.

REASONS: To safeguard biodiversity as set out by the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended), Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006, NPPF Chapter 15 (Paragraphs 174, 179, 185), Circular 06/2005, Policy WSC12 of Wealden District Core Strategy Plan (2013).

4. This planning decision relates solely to the information contained within the application form, the following plan(s) and (where appropriate) documents:

Ref.	Date Stamped.
2205/02A	2 August 2022
2205/1	2 August 2022
02	2 August 2022

REASON: For the avoidance of doubt.

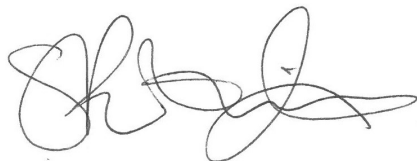
The local planning authority's reasons for its decision to grant planning permission are set out in the officer's report which can be viewed on the Council's website at www.planning.wealden.gov.uk

NOTE: Should alterations or amendments be required to the approved plans, it will be necessary to apply either under Section 96A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 for non-material alterations or Section 73 of the Act for minor material alterations. An application must be made using the standard application forms and you should consult with us, to establish the correct type of application to be made.

NOTE: Your attention is drawn to the requirements of the Building Act 1984 for the deposit of Plans under the Building Regulations and associated legislation.
ACCESS FOR FIRE BRIGADE: Your attention is hereby drawn to the provisions of Section 35 of the East Sussex Act 1981.

DISCHARGE OF CONDITIONS: It is advised that under The Town and Country Planning Act 1990, the Council has up to 8 weeks from the date of an application to discharge any condition(s) and advise the applicant of the Council's decision. This information should be submitted using the '[Approval of Details Reserved by Condition' Form](#) which can be downloaded from the Council's website. Please note there is also a fee payable for this type of application.

IMPORTANT: See Notes overleaf
DATE OF ISSUE: 27 September 2022



Stacey Robins
Head of Planning & Environmental Services

Application No. WD/2022/2015/F

NOTES

Appeals to the Secretary of State

- If the Applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the Local Planning Authority (LPA) to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then an appeal may be lodged with The Planning Inspectorate (PINS) under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- Appeals must be made on a form which is obtainable from:
The Planning Inspectorate, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN
Tel. No. 0303 444 5000
www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-inspectorate

Appeal Timescales

- Householder planning application or minor commercial application:
12 weeks from the date on the decision notice
However, if an enforcement notice has been served for the same or very similar development the time limit is:
 - **28 days** from the date of the LPA decision if the enforcement notice was served before the decision was made yet not longer than 2 years before the application was made.
 - **28 days** from the date the enforcement notice was served if served on or after the date the decision was made (unless this extends the appeal period beyond 12 weeks).

NB – if the LPA have failed to determine the householder planning application, or for an appeal against the grant of permission subject to conditions, please follow the time limits under “Planning application” below.
- Planning application:
6 months from the date on the decision notice, or
6 months from the expiry of the period which the LPA had to determine the application.
However, if an enforcement notice has been served for the same or very similar development within the previous 2 years, the time limit is:
 - **28 days** from the date of the LPA decision if the enforcement notice was served before the decision was made yet not longer than 2 years before the application was made.
 - **28 days** from the date the enforcement notice was served if served on or after the date the decision was made (unless this extends the appeal period beyond 6 months).

NB – the LPA determination period is usually 8 weeks (13 weeks for major developments and 28 days for non-material amendment applications). If a longer period has been agreed with the LPA, the time limit runs from that date.

Further information

- The Planning Inspectorate has discretionary power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice of appeal but will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice to appeal.
- The Planning Inspectorate is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
- The Planning Inspectorate does not in practice refuse to entertain appeals solely because the decision of the local planning authority was based on a direction issued by the Secretary of State.

Purchase Notices

- If either the LPA or Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor rendered capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted.
- In these circumstances the owner may serve a purchase notice on the District Council. This notice will require the Council to purchase their interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.